## INFLUENZA IN MANITOBA - 2010/2011 SEASON

### Cases reported up to October 9, 2010

The public health disease surveillance system of Manitoba Health received its first laboratory-confirmed positive case of influenza for the 2010/2011 season (running from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011) during Week 39, September 26 – October 2, 2010. This season there has been **1** laboratory-confirmed case of Influenza A and **0** lab-confirmed cases of Influenza B in the province.

#### LABORATORY-CONFIRMED INFLUENZA

- Reports from Cadham Provincial Laboratory (CPL) are forwarded to the public health disease surveillance system of Manitoba Health weekly.
- The number of positive cultures is an underestimate of the total number of cases, since not all persons with influenza seek medical attention, and of those that do, not all are cultured for the virus.
- Information contained within this update is based on positive lab reports confirmed on or before October 9, 2010. The date the laboratory specimen is taken is used to assign cases to the appropriate week/month.

#### INFLUENZA A

- > There has been **1 case of Influenza A** reported this season in Manitoba.
- Refer to **Table 1** for a summary of cases by Regional Health Authority (RHA) and week of specimen collection and **Table 3** for a summary of cases by age group.
- Refer to Figure 1 for an illustration of the number of laboratory-confirmed cases of Influenza A by month in Manitoba, 2003/2004-2010/2011.

#### INFLUENZA B

- > There have been **0** cases of Influenza B reported this season in Manitoba.
- Refer to **Table 2** for a summary of cases by Regional Health Authority (RHA) and week of specimen collection and **Table 3** for a summary of cases by age group.
- Refer to Figure 2 for an illustration of the number of laboratory-confirmed cases of Influenza B by month in Manitoba, 2003/2004-2010/2011.

#### REPORTS OF INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS OUTBREAKS

- ILI outbreaks are defined as: <u>Schools</u>: Greater than 10% absenteeism (or absenteeism that is higher (e.g. >5-10%) than expected level as determined by school or public health authority) which is likely due to ILI. <u>Hospitals and Residential institutions</u>: two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case. <u>Other settings</u>: two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case; i.e. workplace, closed communities.
- These outbreaks of influenza must be accompanied by a positive influenza lab report to be counted. The outbreak-related cases reflected on tables and figures within this report are lab confirmed. Most outbreak-related cases are not lab confirmed.

As of October 9, 2010, there were **no** regional outbreaks of lab-confirmed Influenza reported to the public health disease surveillance system for the 2010-2011 season.

#### NATIONAL FLUWATCH PROGRAM

Manitoba Health participates in the National FluWatch Program coordinated by the Public Health Agency of Canada and the College of Family Physicians of Canada. In addition to laboratory-confirmation of influenza, this program relies on weekly reports of influenza-like illness (ILI) as reported by 19 current Manitoban sentinel physicians. These sentinels reflect cases found in eight regional health authorities. The breakdown of sentinels is as follows:

RHA	# Sentinels	# Swabbing	Population (2009)
Winnipeg	5	2	687,619
Brandon	1	0	51,350
North Eastman	2	2	41,408
South Eastman	2	1	66,984
Interlake	1	1	78,184
Central	5	3	106,436
Assiniboine	0	0	68,173
Parkland	2	2	41,590
Norman	0	0	24,228
Burntwood	1	0	47,517
Churchill	0	0	914
TOTAL	19	11	1,214,403

- Manitoba Health receives weekly reports from the Public Health Agency of Canada presenting the provincial ILI rate and the specific data for each of the participating sentinel physicians. Not all sentinel physicians participate in the program each week, and 11 of the 19 sentinels participate in swabbing for influenza with their ILI patients.
- For the 2010/2011 season, ILI in the general population is defined as: Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia, or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.
- Refer to Figure 3 for an illustration of the ILI rate and number of reporting sentinels as it relates to the number of laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza.

#### STRAIN CHARACTERIZATION AND ANTIVIRAL RESISTANCE

From September 1 to October 14, 2010, National Microbiology Laboratory (NML) reports that it has antigenically characterized **1** influenza virus that was received from CPL:

- > 0 influenza A/H1N1
- 1 influenza A/H3N2 (A/Perth/16/2009-like)
- **0** influenza B viruses.

This influenza isolate was found to be **sensitive** to oseltamivir and zanamivir antiviral agents.

#### INFLUENZA-RELATED DEATHS

- Reporting of influenza-related deaths is likely incomplete. Reports are based on notification by:
  (a) Chief Medical Examiner;
  - (b) Medical Officers of Health in the Regional Health Authorities
  - (c) Infection Control Practitioners in long term care facilities
- There have been **no** suspected influenza-related deaths reported this season. These deaths must accompany a lab confirmed report of influenza infection to be counted.

#### HEALTH LINKS - INFO SANTÉ (HL-IS)

- HL-IS is a 24-hour, 7-days a week telephone information service staffed by registered nurses with the knowledge to provide answers over the phone to health care questions and guidance to appropriate care.
- From October 3-9, there were a total of 54 calls made to HL-IS Influenza Service. Of these 54 calls:

30	caller(s) selected to hear the <i>Flu Appointment</i> option			
3	<b>3</b> caller(s) selected the <i>Influenza Program</i>			
15	caller(s) selected Flu Management			
6	6 caller(s) selected the Free Flu Shot Program			

See Figure 4 for an illustration of the number of calls as it relates to the number of lab-confirmed cases of influenza.

For other Epidemiology and Surveillance reports, please view the Manitoba Health Internet Website: http://www.gov.mb.ca/health/publichealth/surveillance/index.html

For national surveillance data, refer to: <u>http://www.phac-aspc.qc.ca/fluwatch/index-eng.php</u>

Table 1. Reported Cases of Influenza A by RHA and Week of Specimen Collection, Manitoba 2010-2011			
RHA	26/09 - 02/10	03/10 - 09/10	TOTAL
Winnipeg	0	0	0
Brandon	0	0	0
North Eastman	0	0	0
South Eastman	0	0	0
Interlake	0	0	0
Central	0	0	0
Assiniboine	0	0	0
Parkland	0	0	0
Norman	1	0	1
Burntwood	0	0	0
Churchill	0	0	0
MANITOBA	1	0	1

Table 2. Reported Cases of Influenza B by RHA and Week of Specimen Collection, Manitoba 2010-2011			iza
RHA	26/09 - 02/10	03/10 - 09/10	TOTAL
Winnipeg	0	0	0
Brandon	0	0	0
North Eastman	0	0	0
South Eastman	0	0	0
Interlake	0	0	0
Central	0	0	0
Assiniboine	0	0	0
Parkland	0	0	0
Norman	0	0	0
Burntwood	0	0	0
Churchill	0	0	0
MANITOBA	0	0	0

Γ

Table 3. Rep 2010-2011	ported Cases of Influenza A and B by Age Group, Manitoba			, Manitoba
Ane	Influe	enza A	Influe	nza B
Age				

Age	Influenza A		Influenza B		
Group	# of cases	% of total	# of cases	% of total	
<1 yrs	1	100%	0	0%	
1-4 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
5-9 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
10-14 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
15-19 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
20-24 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
25-29 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
30-39 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
40-49 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
50-59 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
60-69 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
70-79 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
>79 yrs	0	0%	0	0%	
Missing	0	0%	0	0%	
TOTAL	1		0		

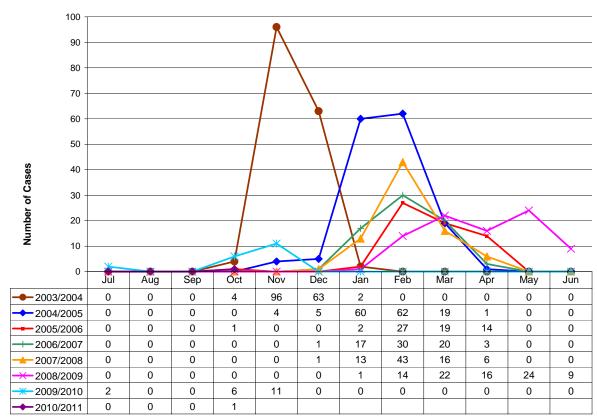


Figure 1. Laboratory-Confirmed Cases of Influenza A (Excluding Pandemic H1N1), 2003/2004-2010/2011\*

\* October 2010 monthly total up to October 9, 2010.

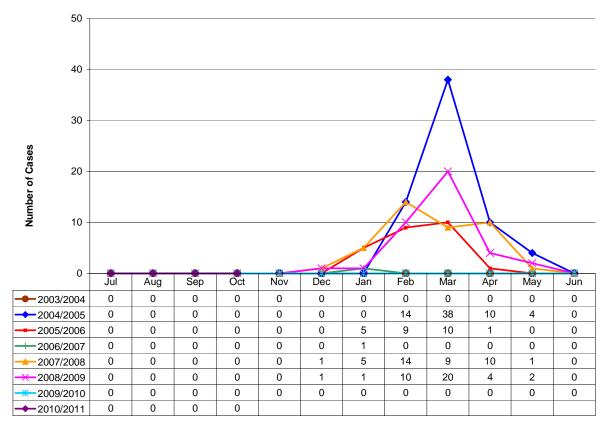


Figure 2. Laboratory-Confirmed Cases of Influenza B, 2003/2004-2010/2011\*

\* October 2010 monthly total up to October 9, 2010.

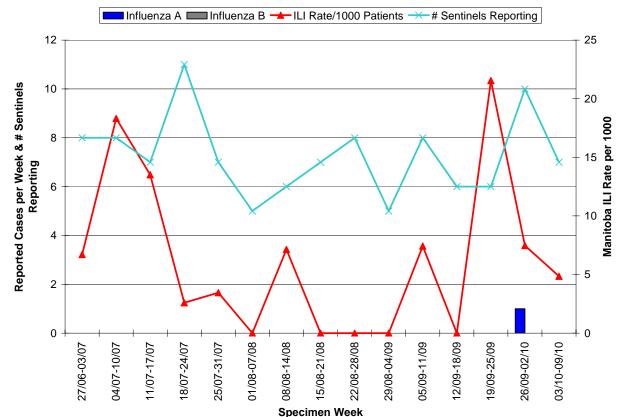
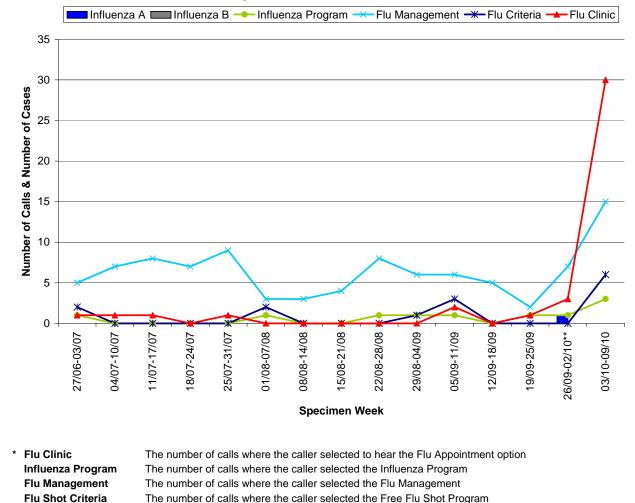


Figure 3. Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Rate, Number of Influenza A and B Cases by Week of Specimen Collection, and Number of Sentinels Participating in FluWatch, 2010-2011 Season by Week



# Figure 4. Number of Calls to Health Links – Info Santé Influenza Service by Type of Enquiry\* and Number of Influenza A and B Cases by Week, Manitoba, 2010/2011 Influenza Season

\*\* Number of calls to Health Links - Info Santé available for October 1-2 only (September 26-30 unavailable).