INFLUENZA IN MANITOBA – 2008/2009 SEASON

Report on Cases reported up to 4:00 PM, May 30th, 2009

The most current novel H1N1 Influenza A information can be found at: http://www.gov.mb.ca/health/publichealth/sri/index.html

The following report details influenza activity in Manitoba from the start of the 2008/2009 flu season, which runs from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009. The public health disease surveillance system of Manitoba Health and Healthy Living received its first laboratory-confirmed positive case of influenza for the season during Week 2 of 2009, January 11 to January 17, 2009. To date this season, there have been 124 laboratory-confirmed cases of Influenza A and 39 lab-confirmed cases of Influenza B in the province.

LABORATORY-CONFIRMED INFLUENZA

- Reports from Cadham Provincial Laboratory (CPL) are forwarded to the public health disease surveillance system of Manitoba Health and Healthy Living weekly.
- The number of positive cultures is an underestimate of the total number of cases, since not all persons with influenza seek medical attention, and of those that do, not all are cultured for the virus.
- Information contained within this update is based on positive lab reports (with specimen dates on or before May 30th, 2009). The date the laboratory specimen is taken is used to assign cases to the appropriate week/month.

INFLUENZA A

- There have been one hundred and twenty-four cases of Influenza A reported this season in Manitoba. Increased testing is occurring probably related to an increased awareness of H1N1. This has resulted in an expected increase of Influenza A case finding.
- Eleven of these cases are confirmed cases of novel H1N1 Influenza A. Further information related to this specific disease can be found at the following website: <u>http://www.gov.mb.ca/health/publichealth/sri/index.html</u>
- Refer to Table 1 for a summary of cases by Regional Health Authority (RHA) and week of specimen collection and Table 2 for a summary of cases by age group.
- Refer to Figure 1 for an illustration of the number of laboratory-confirmed cases by month and year in Manitoba, 2003/2004 to 2008/2009 and Figure 3 for an illustration of the influenza-like illness (ILI) rate as it relates to the number of laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza.

INFLUENZA B

- > There have been thirty-nine cases of Influenza B reported this season in Manitoba.
- Refer to Table 1 for a summary of cases by Regional Health Authority (RHA) and week of specimen collection and Table 2 for a summary of cases by age group.
- Refer to Figure 2 for an illustration of the number of laboratory-confirmed cases by month and year in Manitoba, 2003/2004 to 2008/2009 and Figure 3 for an illustration of the ILI rate as it relates to the number of laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza.

REPORTS OF INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS OUTBREAKS

ILI outbreaks are defined as:

Schools and work sites: greater than 10% absenteeism on any day most likely due to ILI

<u>Residential institutions</u>: two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case.

- These outbreaks of influenza must be accompanied by a positive influenza lab report to be counted. The outbreak-related cases reflected on tables and figures within this report are lab confirmed. Most outbreak-related cases are not lab confirmed.
- As of May 30th, 2009, thirteen regional outbreaks of lab confirmed Influenza A have been reported to the public health disease surveillance system for the 2008-2009 season (11 residential institutions in WRHA, 1 school in N. Eastman, & 1 school in Parkland). There have been no reported Influenza B outbreaks.

OUTBREAK-RELATED INFLUENZA DEATHS

There have been no confirmed outbreak-related influenza deaths reported this season.

NATIONAL FLUWATCH PROGRAM

- For the 2008/2009 season, influenza-like illness (ILI) in the general population is defined as: \geq Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following - sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia, or prostration which could be due to influenza virus. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.
- ≻ The sentinel physician per capita ratio can influence the total influenza cases reported for that RHA.

Table 1: Reported Cases of Influenza A and B by RHA and Week of Specimen Collection, Manitoba 2008/2009

Influenza A - Number of Cases by RHA (based on specimen collection date) - 07/02 - 14/03 - 23/05 02/03 - 25/04 - 31/01 - 14/02 - 21/02 - 28/02 - 21/03 - 28/03 - 04/04 - 11/04 - 18/04 26/04 - 02/05 03/05 - 09/05 - 16/05 - 10/01 - 17/01 - 24/01 28/12 - 03/01 01/02 -17/05 -15/02 08/03 15/03 05/04 19/04 10/05 08/02 22/02 01/03 22/03 29/03 12/04 04/01 11/01 18/01 25/01 RHA Winnipeg Brandon North Eastman South Eastman Interlake Central Assiniboine Parkland Norman Burntwood Churchill MANITOBA

Influenza B - Number of Cases by RHA (based on specimen collection date)

RHA	28/12 - 03/01	04/01 - 10/01	11/01 - 17/01	18/01 - 24/01	25/01 - 31/01	01/02 - 07/02	08/02 - 14/02	15/02 - 21/02	22/02 - 28/02	01/03 - 07/03	08/03 - 14/03	15/03 - 21/03	22/03 - 28/03	29/03 - 04/04	05/04 - 11/04	05/04 - 11/04	19/04 - 25/04	26/04 - 02/05	03/05 - 09/05	10/05 - 16/05	17/05 - 23/05	24/04 - 30/05	TOTAL
Winnipeg	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	9
Brandon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Eastman	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
South Eastman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Interlake	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Central	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	2	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	15
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Parkland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Norman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burntwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Churchill	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MANITOBA	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	7	4	8	3	5	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	39

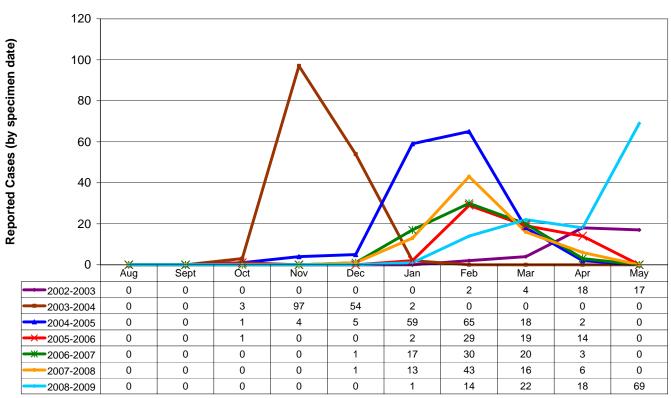
24/04 - 30/05

TOTAL

	Influe	nza A	Influenza B				
Age Group	# of cases	% of total	# of cases	% of total			
<1 yrs	10	8.1%	10	25.6%			
1-4 yrs	14	11.3%	5	12.8%			
5-9 yrs	6	4.8%	6	15.4%			
10-14 yrs	7	5.6%	6	15.4%			
15-19 yrs	7	5.6%	4	10.3%			
20-24 yrs	4	3.2%	2	5.1%			
25-29 yrs	8	6.5%	1	2.6%			
30-39 yrs	13	10.5%	2	5.1%			
40-49 yrs	13	10.5%	2	5.1%			
50-59 yrs	7	5.6%	0	0.0%			
60-69 yrs	2	1.6%	0	0.0%			
70-79 yrs	6	4.8%	0	0.0%			
>79 yrs	27	21.8%	1	2.6%			
missing	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
TOTAL	124		39				

Table 2: Reported Cases of Influenza A and B by Age Group, in Manitoba 2008/2009

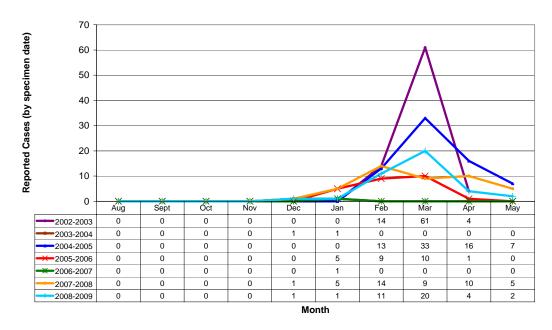
Figure 1: Laboratory-Confirmed Cases of Influenza A, 2002/2003-2008/2009



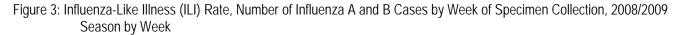
Influenza A cases reported in Manitoba

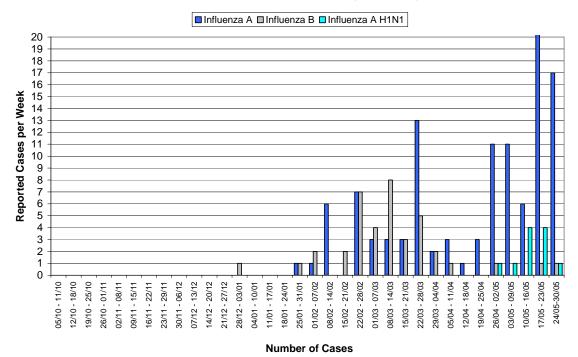
Month

Figure 2: Laboratory-Confirmed Cases of Influenza B, 2002/2003-2008/2009



Influenza B cases reported in Manitoba





Influenza Statistics for Manitoba (2008-2009)

For other CDC Branch reports, please view the Manitoba Health & Healthy Living Internet Website: http://www.gov.mb.ca/health/publichealth/cdc/surveillance/index.html

> For national surveillance data, refer to: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/index/html